

SYLLABUS**POLITICAL SCIENCE PAPER – 1****1. Indian Political Thought**

- Manu & Kautilya. Traditions of Non-Violence in Buddhism & Jainism.
- Nature of State in Medieval India: Ziauddin Barani, Abul Fazal.
- Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Dayanand Saraswati, Sir Syed Ahmed Khan, E.V. Ramaswamy Naicker.
- Dadabhai Naoroji, Aurbindo Ghosh. M. K. Gandhi, Jawaharlal Nehru,
- Jai Prakash Narain, Ram Manohar Lohiya, B.R. Ambedkar, Kamala Devi Chattopadhyay.

2. Political Concepts and Ideologies

- Perspective of the State: Ideal, Liberal, Marxist, Post-Colonial and Sub-altern.
- Sovereignty, Power, Authority, Legitimacy.
- Rights, Liberty, Equality, Justice, Citizenship.
- Concept of Democracy: Classical, Liberal & Marxist Theories, Models of Democracy: Representative, Participatory, Deliberative.
- Political Ideologies: Liberalism, Marxism, Conservatism.

3. Comparative Politics and Governments

(With Special Reference to Constitutional Frameworks of UK, USA, France, China & Canada)•

- Constitution, Types of Constitutions, Constitutionalism in Theory and Practice.
- Classification of Government: Democracy and Dictatorship, Unitary and Federal, Parliamentary and Presidential.
- Organs of Government: Theory of Separation of Powers, Executive, Legislature and Judiciary- their interrelationship in comparative perspective.
- Theories of Political parties, Types and functions of Political parties, Pressure Groups and Interest Groups.

4. Indian Constitution and Institutions

- Making of Indian Constitution, Preamble, Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles of State Policy and Fundamental Duties.

- Constitutional Framework of Indian Federalism, Center-State Relations and institutions of Local Self Governments.
- Union Executive- President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers. Parliament- Composition, Power and Role.
- Judiciary- Supreme Court, High Court, Judicial Review, Basic Structure Debate, Judicial Activism and Judicial Reforms.
- State Executive- Governor, Chief Minister and Council of Ministers. State Legislature- Composition, Power and Role.

5. Theories and Concepts of International Relations

- Theories: Idealist, Realist, Neo- Realism, Systems, Marxist, Functionalist, Constructivism and Dependency.
- Approaches: Decision making, Game, Communication and Bargaining.
- Concepts: National Power and its elements, National Interest and its instruments, Balance of Power, Collective Security.
- Arms Race and Arms Control, Disarmament, Nature, Causes and Types of Wars.
- merging Concepts: Multiculturalism and Identity Politics, Regionalism, Green Politics, End of History.